

Cor: X e Y contrabili $\Rightarrow C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)$ è aciclico.

Dim.: $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}(-1) \rightarrow \widetilde{C}_*(X) \oplus \widetilde{C}_*(Y) \rightarrow \widetilde{C}_*(X) \oplus \widetilde{C}_*(Y) \rightarrow 0$

$$\text{Grado } -1 \quad C_0(X) \otimes C_0(Y) \quad C_0(X) \oplus C_0(Y)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$(a, b) \longmapsto a + b$$

Se X e Y sono contrabili, $C_*(X) \oplus C_*(Y)$ è aciclico.

$$0 \rightarrow \widetilde{C}_*(X) \oplus \widetilde{C}_*(Y)[1] \xrightarrow{\text{Aumento di 1 il grado}} \widetilde{C}_*(X) \otimes \widetilde{C}_*(Y) \rightarrow C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y) \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow H_i(C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)) \cong H_{i-1}(C_*(X) \oplus C_*(Y)[1]) = H_i(C_*(X) \oplus C_*(Y)).$$

$$C_i = C_i(X), C'_i = C_i(Y).$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & & C'_1 \otimes C_1 & & & \\ & \swarrow & \searrow & & \searrow & \swarrow & \\ C'_2 & & C'_1 \otimes C_0 & & C'_0 \otimes C_1 & & C_2 \\ & \swarrow & \searrow & & \searrow & \swarrow & \\ C'_1 & & C_0 \otimes C_0 & & C_1 & & 0 \\ & \swarrow & \searrow & & \searrow & \swarrow & \\ C'_0 & & & & C_0 & & -1 \\ & & & & \searrow & & \\ & & & & \mathbb{Z} & & -2 \end{array}$$

Pensaci forte

Qua dentro trovi la successione in cui compare $C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)[1]$. \square

Teo. (Eilenberg-Zilber):

siano X, Y s.t., la mappa naturale

$$C_0(X \times Y) \xrightarrow{\text{ez}} C_0(X) \otimes C_0(Y)$$

$$(p, q) \longmapsto p \otimes q$$

si estende a mappa di complessi $EZ: C_*(X \times Y) \rightarrow C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)$ che induce un iso. in omologia.

Dim.: uso il teo. sui funtori liberi e aciclici.

$C_*(X \times Y)$ e $C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)$ sono funtori da

Top x Top nei complessi di catene e coincidono in dimensione 0 tramite ez.

Per $C_*(- \times -)$ uso come base la coppia di spazi (Δ^k, Δ^{m-k}) con $id \otimes id$.

Per $C_*(- \times -)$ uso come base $\Delta^m \times \Delta^m$ con

$\Delta^m \rightarrow \Delta^m \times \Delta^m$ mappa diagonale.

Entrambi sono funtori liberi. $\Delta^m \times \Delta^m$ contrabile \Rightarrow

$\Rightarrow C_*(\Delta^m \times \Delta^m)$ aciclico. Δ^k, Δ^{m-k} contrabili \Rightarrow

$\Rightarrow C_*(\Delta^k) \otimes C_*(\Delta^{m-k})$ aciclico. Allora i funtori sono aciclici.

Quindi esistono morfismi naturali tra $C_*(X \times Y)$ e $C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)$ (e viceversa) che estendono EZ e la sua inversa.

Sono unici a meno di omotopia.

Se Q la ottengo dall'inversa di EZ allo stesso modo,

$EZ \circ Q$ e $Q \circ EZ$ sono naturali e omotope all'identità \Rightarrow

\Rightarrow inducono un iso. in H_* . \square

Teo. (EZ relativo): Siano $C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y) \xrightarrow[Q]{EZ} C_*(X \times Y)$ come sopra e coppie $(X, A), (Y, B)$. Allora vale il seguente diagramma

commutativo con righe esatte

$$0 \rightarrow C_*(A) \otimes C_*(Y) + C_*(X) \otimes C_*(B) \rightarrow C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y) \rightarrow C_*(X, A) \otimes C_*(Y, B) \rightarrow 0$$

$$Q' \downarrow \uparrow EZ' \quad Q \downarrow \uparrow EZ \quad Q'' \downarrow \uparrow EZ''$$

$$0 \rightarrow C_*(A \times Y) + C_*(X \times B) \rightarrow C_*(X \times Y) \rightarrow C_*(X \times Y) / (C_*(A \times Y) + C_*(X \times B)) \rightarrow 0$$

Dim.: per naturalità $Q(C_*(A) \otimes C_*(Y)) \cong C_*(X, A) \otimes C_*(Y, B)$ e analogo,

quindi EZ', Q' sono indotte dalle restrizioni e EZ'', Q'' sono

indotte dal passaggio al quoziente.

$Q \circ EZ \sim id$ con omotopia naturale; tale omotopia mappa

$C_*(A \times Y) + C_*(X \times B)$ in sé e quindi anche $Q' \circ EZ'$ è

omotopa a id. Stesso per $EZ'' \circ Q''$.

Se scrivo il diagramma di succ. esatte lunghe in omologia associato al diagramma di sopra (con righe esatte) ottengo

$$H_m(C_*(A) \otimes C_*(Y) + C_*(X) \otimes C_*(B)) \rightarrow H_m(C_*(X) \otimes C_*(Y)) \rightarrow H_m(C_*(X, A) \otimes C_*(Y, B)) \rightarrow \text{grado } m-1$$

$$H_m(C_*(A \times Y) + C_*(X \times B)) \rightarrow H_m(X \times Y) \longrightarrow H_m(\dots / \dots) \rightarrow$$

e per Q''_*, EZ''_* uso il lemma dei cinque.

Se $A \times Y \cup X \times B = \text{int}(A \times Y) \cup \text{int}(X \times B)$, per MV (C_{n-1}) ho

$H_*(C_*(A \times Y) + C_*(X \times B)) \cong H_*(A \times Y \cup X \times B)$ e posso sostituirli

nella succ. che ho trovato. Allora ha senso definire

$$(X, A) \times (Y, B) := (X \times Y, A \times Y \cup X \times B). \square$$

Teo. (formula di Künneth): se C è un complesso di R -moduli liberi e D è un complesso di R -moduli (R PID), vale la succ. esatta corta

$$0 \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i+j=m} H_i(C) \otimes H_j(D) \rightarrow H_m(C \otimes D) \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i+j=m-1} H_i(C) * H_j(D) \rightarrow 0.$$

Se anche D è libero, tale successione spezza.

Dim.: $Z(C), B(C)$ sono liberi, quindi ho

$$(Z(C) \otimes Z(D))_m = \text{Ker}(id \otimes \partial: (Z(C) \otimes D)_m \rightarrow (Z(C) \otimes D)_{m-1})$$

$$(Z(C) \otimes B(D))_m = \text{Im}(id \otimes \partial: (Z(C) \otimes D)_{m+1} \rightarrow (Z(C) \otimes D)_m) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow H(Z(C) \otimes D) \cong Z(C) \otimes H(D) \text{ e analogamente}$$

$$H(B(C) \otimes D) \cong B(C) \otimes H(D).$$

$0 \rightarrow B(C) \rightarrow Z(C) \rightarrow H(C) \rightarrow 0$, tensorizzo con $H(D)$ da cui

$$H(C) * H(D) \rightarrow B(C) \otimes H(D) \xrightarrow{id} Z(C) \otimes H(D) \rightarrow H(C) \otimes H(D) \rightarrow 0$$

$$H(B(C) \otimes D) \xrightarrow{(i \otimes id)_*} H(Z(C) \otimes D)$$

Considero

$$0 \rightarrow Z_m(C) \rightarrow C_m \rightarrow B_{m-1}(C) \rightarrow 0, \text{ tensorizzo con } D:$$

$$0 \rightarrow (Z(C) \otimes D)_m \rightarrow (C \otimes D)_m \rightarrow (B(C) \otimes D)_{m-1} \rightarrow 0 \text{ e in } H_* \text{ ho la}$$

succ. esatta lunga

$$\rightarrow H_m(B(C) \otimes D) \rightarrow H_m(Z(C) \otimes D) \rightarrow H_m(C \otimes D) \rightarrow H_{m-1}(B(C) \otimes D) \rightarrow H_{m-1}(Z(C) \otimes D) \rightarrow$$

Si verifica che l'omo. di connessione è $(i \otimes id)_*$, da cui

$$0 \rightarrow \text{coher}(i \otimes id)_* \rightarrow H_m(C \otimes D) \rightarrow \text{Ker}(i \otimes id)_* \rightarrow 0$$

$$H_m(C \otimes D) \xrightarrow{i_2} H_m(C) \otimes H(D) \xrightarrow{i_2} H_m(C) \otimes H(D) \xrightarrow{i_2} H_m(C \otimes D) \xrightarrow{i_2} \dots \xrightarrow{i_2} \text{grado } m-1$$

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